

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Ground Floor, Secretariat Building, PICC City of Pasay, Metro Manila

COMPANY REG. NO. 39274

OF AMENDED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the amended articles of incorporation of the

AC ENERGY CORPORATION

(Amending Article VII thereof)

copy annexed, adopted on March 18, 2020 & March 18, 2021 by a majority vote of the Board of Directors and April 20, 2020 & April 19, 2021 by the vote of the stockholders owning or representing at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock, and certified under oath by the Assistant Secretary and a majority of the Board of Directors of the corporation was approved by the Commission on this date pursuant to the provision of Section 15 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, Republic Act No. 11232, which took effect on February 23, 2019 and copies thereof are filed with the Commission.

Unless this corporation obtains or already has obtained the appropriate Secondary License from this Commission, this Certificate does not authorize it to undertake business activities requiring a Secondary License from this Commission such as, but not limited to acting as: broker or dealer in securities, government securities eligible dealer (GSED), investment adviser of an investment company, close-end or open-end investment company, investment house, transfer agent, commodity/financial futures exchange/broker/merchant, financing company, pre-need plan issuer, general agent in pre-need plans and time shares/club shares/membership certificates issuers or selling agents thereof. Neither does this Certificate constitute as permit to undertake activities for which other government agencies require a license or permit.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this Commission to be affixed to this Certificate at Pasay City, Metro Manila, Philippines, this ______ day of June, Twenty Twenty One.

GERARDO F. DEL ROSARIO

Director

Company Registration and Monitoring Department

AO/ioo

AMENDED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF AC ENERGY CORPORATION

Commander A.C. Engager Philippings Inc.

(formerly AC Energy Philippines, Inc.)

(As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 18 March 2020 and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 20 April 2020)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That we, all of legal age, citizens and a majority of whom are residents of the Philippines, have voluntarily associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation under the laws of the Philippines;

THAT WE HEREBY CERTIFY:

FIRST: The name of said corporation shall be AC Energy Corporation, hereinafter called the Corporation. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 18 March 2020 and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 20 April 2020)

SECOND: That the purposes for which said Corporation is formed are:

PRIMARY PURPOSE

To prospect for, explore, mine, extract, dig and drill for, exploit, produce, purchase, or otherwise obtain from the earth, any and all kinds of petroleum and petroleum products, rock or carbon oils, natural gas and other volatile materials, including geothermal steam, coal, chemical substances and salts, precious and base metals, diatomaceous earth as well as other minerals of whatever nature whether similar or dissimilar to those listed herein, and to store, hold, use, experiment with, treat reduce, distill manufacture, smelt, refine, blend, package, prepare for market, buy, sell, distribute, exchange, import, export, and transport, convert energy and generate electric power and otherwise deal in petroleum, fuel minerals and other minerals of whatever nature, whether similar or dissimilar thereto, their products, compounds, and derivatives and other minerals and chemical substances, in crude or refined condition, and to engage generally, as may be permitted by law, in the business of, and/or investing in, mining, manufacturing, contracting, electric power generation and distribution, and servicing, in addition to oil exploration within the Philippines and in other countries.

SECONDARY PURPOSE

And in furtherance of and as may be incident to the foregoing purposes, the Corporation shall have the power:

- (a) To acquire petroleum, gas, and oil lands, leaseholds, franchises, privileges, concessions and other interest in gas, oil and other rights;
- (b) To construct and maintain conduits, pipelines, and lines of tubing for the public generally as for the use of said Corporation, and to lay, rig, buy, lease, sell, and otherwise contract for, and operate said conduits, pipelines and lines of tubing, as well as storage tanks, railways, tramways,

roadways and trucks, for the purpose of transporting and storing oil and gas, and operating a general pipelines and storage business;

- (c) To buy, sell, charter and maintain tank steamer and other vessels of all kinds for the transportation of merchandise dealt in by the Corporation;
- (d) To purchase or otherwise acquire, assemble, install, construct, equip, repair, remodel, maintain, operate, hold, own lease, rent, mortgage, charge, sell, convey or otherwise dispose of, any and all kinds of refineries, as works, mill, factories, installations, plants, shops laboratories, electrical works, power plants, warehouses, terminals, office buildings and other buildings and structures, roads, railroad, cars, railroad equipment, garages, motor and road equipment, aircraft and aircraft equipment, aviation fields, telephone and telegraph lines, transmission lines, wireless facilities, water works, reservoir, dams canals, waterways, bridge, ports, docks, piers, wharves, marine equipment, and any and all kinds of machinery, apparatus, instruments, fixtures and appliances;
- (e) To acquire by purchase lease, contract concession or otherwise any and all real estate, lands, land patents, options, grants, concessions, franchises, water, timber and other rights, privileges, easements, estates, interest and properties of every kind and description whatsoever which the Corporation may deem necessary or appropriate in connection with the conduct of any business enumerated in these Articles of Incorporation, or of any other business in which the Corporation may lawfully engage, and to won, hold, operate, improve, develop, reorganize, manage, grant, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all the whole or any part thereof;
- (f) To manufacture, purchase, or otherwise, and to hold, own, invest, trade and deal in, mortgage, pledge, charge, assign, sell exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of goods, wares, merchandise and personal property of every class and description and to transport the same in manner;
- (g) To purchase, drill for or otherwise acquire and to use, store, transport, distribute, sell or otherwise dispose of, water; and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise and to erect, construct, enlarge, own, hold, maintain, use and operate water works and water systems for supplying water and water power for any and uses and purposes;
- (h) To purchase, create, generate or otherwise acquire, use, sell, supply or otherwise dispose of, electric current and electric steam and water power of every kind and description, and to sell, supply or otherwise dispose of, light, heat and power of every kind and description;
- (i) To enter into, make and perform contracts and arrangement of every kind and description for any lawful purposes with any person, firm, association, corporation, municipality, body politic, country, territory, province, state, government or colony or dependency thereof, without limit as to amount, and to obtain from any government or authority any rights, privileges, contracts and concessions which the Corporation may deem desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise or comply with any such contracts, arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions;
- (j) To acquire and take over all or any part of the business, goodwill, property and other assets, and to assume or undertake the whole or any part of the liabilities and obligations of any person, firm, association or corporation carrying on a business which the Corporation is or may become authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of the Corporation and to pay for the same in cash or in stock, bonds, or securities of the Corporation, or otherwise, and to hold, manage, operate, conduct and dispose of in any manner the whole or any part of any such acquisitions, and to exercise all the powers necessary or convenient in and about the conduct and management thereof;
- (k) To apply for, obtain, register, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to hold, own, use, exercise, develop, operate and introduce, and to sell, assign, grant licenses or territorial rights in respect of, or otherwise to turn to account or dispose of any copyrights, trademarks, brand, labels,

patents or inventions, improvement, or processes used in connection with or secured under the letters patent of any country, government or authority, or otherwise, in relation to any of the purposes herein stated; and to acquire, use, exercise, or otherwise turn to gain licenses or rights in respect of any such copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, brands, labels, patents, inventions improvements, processes and the like;

- (l) Insofar as may be permitted by law, to acquire by purchase, exchange or otherwise, and to own, hold for investment or otherwise, and to sell, assign, transfer, exchange, mortgage, pledge or otherwise dispose of shares of capital stock of, and any bonds, mortgages, securities and evidences of indebtedness of or other obligations issued or created by, any corporation or corporations organized under the laws of any state, country, nation or government, and while the holder or owner thereof, to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership, and to issue in exchange therefor shares of the capital stock, bonds or other obligations of the Corporation or to make payment therefore by any other lawful means whatsoever;
- (m) To aid by loan, guaranty, subsidy or in any other manner whatsoever, insofar as may be permitted by law, any corporation or association, any shares or voting trust certificates for shares or bonds, other securities or evidences of indebtedness of which shall be held by or for the Corporation or in which, or in the welfare of which, the Corporation shall have any interest to do any act or things designated to protect, preserve, improve or enhance the value of any such shares, voting trust certificates, bonds or other securities or evidences of indebtedness or the property of the Corporation; and in connection with any such purposes to guarantee or become surety for the performance of any obligation or undertaking of such corporation or association and to do any and all such other acts or things as may be designated to accomplish any such purpose;
- (n) To borrow or raise money for any of the purposes of the Corporation, and from time to time without limit as to amount, to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, transfer, assign execute, and issue promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, warrants, bonds, debentures and other negotiable and transferrable instruments and evidences of indebtedness, and for the purpose of securing any of its obligations or contracts to convey, transfer, assign, deliver, mortgage, and/or pledge all or any part of the property or assets at any time held or owned by the Corporation on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall authorize and as may be permitted by law; and to see or otherwise dispose of any bonds, debentures, or other obligations of the Corporation for its corporate purposes;
- (o) To purchase, hold, sell, exchange, reissue, transfer or otherwise deal in shares of its own capital stock, in its own bond or other obligations from time to time to such extent and in such manner and upon such terms as its Board of Directors shall determine, provided that the Corporation shall not use any of its funds or properties of the purchase of its own shares of stock when such use would cause any impairment of the capital of the Corporation;
- (p) To exercise all or any of its corporate powers, rights and privileges and to conduct its business in all or any of its ranches in any part of the world, and for its purpose to have and maintain and to discontinue such number of offices and agencies therein as may be convenient;
- (q) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, or which may be conveniently carried on and done in connection therewith, or which be calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, or render profitable any business or property of the Corporation, always provided that nothing shall be done in connection with any of the above objects which is prohibited by any laws of the Philippines now or hereafter existing; and
- (r) Without in any particular limiting the powers and provided that the Corporation shall have the power to make and perform contracts of any kind and description with person, firm or corporation, whether public or private, without limit as to amount, and particularly but not by way of limitation, to make and perform contracts creating rights, easements and other privileges respecting any

of the property, real or personal or any kind owned by the Corporation; to have one or more offices out of the Philippines, or in any other country; and in carrying on its business and for the purpose of attaining or furthering its purpose or powers to do any and all other things which a natural person could do and exercise and which now hereafter may be authorized by law.

The foregoing clause shall be construed both as objects and powers of the Corporation, and it is hereby expressly provided that the foregoing enumeration of specific powers shall not be held to limit or restrict in any manner the general powers of the Corporation.

THIRD: That the place where the principal office of the corporation is to be established or located is at 4th Floor, 6750 Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines. The Corporation may establish and maintain branch offices or agencies elsewhere in the Philippines or in foreign counties whenever warranted by exigencies of its business. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 23 July 2019 and approved during the Annual Shareholders Meeting held on 17 September 2019).

FOURTH: That the term for which the corporation is to exist is fifty (50) years from and after the date of issuance of the Certificate of Incorporation. Thereafter, the term shall be extended for another fifty (50) years from and after September 7, 2019. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25 January 2016 and approved during the Annual Shareholders Meeting held on 12 April 2016.

FIFTH: That the names, citizenships and residences of the incorporators of said Corporation are as follows:

NAMES	CITIZENSHIP	RESIDENCE
Filemon C. Rodriguez	Filipino	
Ramon V. Del Rosario	Filipino	
William K. Whitefold	Filipino	
Burch E. Zehner	Filipino	
Ernesto O. Escaler	Filipino	
Vicente B. Fernandez	Filipino	
Cesar C. Zalamea	Filipino	
Miguel A. Magsaysay	Filipino	
Mariano U. Godinez	Filipino	
Raymundo O. Feliciano	Filipino	

SIXTH: That the number of directors of said corporation shall be eleven (11) and that the names and residences of the first directors who are to serve until their successors are elected and qualified as provided by the By-Laws are as follows:

NAMES

RESIDENCE

- 1 Filemon C. Rodriguez
- 2 Ramon V. Del Rosario
- 3 William K. Whitefold
- 4 Burch E. Zehner
- 5 Ernesto O. Escaler
- 6 Vicente B. Fernandez
- 7 Cesar C. Zalamea
- 8 Miguel A. Magsaysay
- 9 Mariano U. Godinez
- 10 Raymundo O. Feliciano



SEVENTH: That the authorized capital stock of said Corporation is FORTY-EIGHT BILLION FOUR HUNDRED MILLION PESOS (P48,400,000,000.00) Philippine Currency, and said capital stock is divided into FORTY-EIGHT BILLION FOUR HUNDRED MILLION (48,400,000,000.00) shares with a par value of One Pesos (P1.00) per share. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 18 March 2020 and 20 April 2020, respectively, and confirmed during the meeting of the Board of Directors and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 18 March 2021 and 19 April 2021, respectively.)

That no holder of the capital stock, whether said stock is now or hereafter authorized, shall have any right, as such stockholder, to purchase or subscribe to additional shares of the capital stock which are now or hereafter authorized by the Corporation, if the issue of the said additional stock not to exceed Thirty-Five percent (35%) of the resulting total subscribed capital stock shall be used exclusively for the benefit of the Corporation as determined by resolutions of the Board of Directors.

That existing stockholders shall have no pre-emptive right in relation to shares issued in good faith in exchange for property needed for corporate purposes or in payment of a previously contracted debt provided however, that shares to be issued for this purpose shall not exceed twenty-four (24) billion shares. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 18 March 2021 and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 19 April 2021.)

EIGHT: That the amount of said capital stock which has been actually subscribed is FOUR MILLION PESOS (P4,000,000.00) and the following persons have subscribed for the number of shares and the amount of capital stock indicated opposite their respective names:

NAMES	RESIDENCE	NO. OF SHARES SUBSCRIBED	CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIBED
Filemon C. Rodriguez		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Ramon V. Del Rosario		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
William K. Whitefold		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Burch E. Zehner		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Ernesto O. Escaler		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Vicente B. Fernandez		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Cesar C. Zalamea		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Miguel A. Magsaysay		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Mariano U. Godinez		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
Raymundo O. Feliciano		40,000,000	₱400,000,000.00
TOTAL		400,000,000	<u>₱4,000,000,000.00</u>

NINTH: That the following persons have paid on the shares of capital stock for which they have subscribed, the amount set out after their respective names:

NAMES	CITIZENSHIP	AMOUNT PAID ON SUBSCRIPTION
Filemon C. Rodriguez	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Ramon V. Del Rosario	Filipino	₱100,000.00
William K. Whitefold	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Burch E. Zehner	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Ernesto O. Escaler	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Vicente B. Fernandez	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Cesar C. Zalamea	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Miguel A. Magsaysay	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Mariano U. Godinez	Filipino	₱100,000.00
Raymundo O. Feliciano	Filipino	₱100,000.00

TOTAL

₱1,000,000.00

TENTH: That Mr. Raymundo O. Feliciano has been duly elected by the subscribers as Treasurer of the Corporation to act as such until his successor is duly elected and qualified in accordance with the by-laws, and that as such Treasurer, he has been authorized to receive for and in the name and for the benefit of the corporation, all subscriptions paid by the subscribers.

ELEVENTH: That no transfer of stock or interest which will reduce the ownership of Filipino citizens to less than the percentage of the capital stock required by law shall be allowed or permitted to be recorded in the proper books and this restriction shall also be indicated in all stock certificates.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands this 22nd day of August 1969 at Manila Philippines.

(SGD.) FILEMON C. RODRIGUEZ	(SGD.) RAMON V. DEL ROSARIO
(SGD). WILLIAM K. WHITEFOLD	(SGD). BURCH E. ZEHNER
(SGD). ERNESTO O. ESCALER	(SGD). VICENTE B. FERNANDEZ

(SGD.) MARIANO U. GODINEZ (SGD.) RAYMUNDO O. FELICIANO

SIGNED IN THE PRESENCE OF:

(SGD.) ILLEGIBLE

(SGD.) CESAR C. ZALAMEA

(SGD.) ILLEGIBLE

(SGD.) MIGUEL A. MAGSAYSAY

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) CITY OF MANILA) S.S.

BEFORE ME, a Notary Public for and in the City of Manila, Philippines came and personally appeared:

FILEMON C. RODRIGUEZ,	
RAMON V. DEL ROSARIO.	
WILLIAM K. WHITEFORD,	
BURCH E. ZEHNER, with	
ERNESTO O. ESCALER,	
VICENTE B. FERNANDEZ,	
CESAR C. ZALAMEA,	
MIGUEL A. MAGSAYSAY,	
MARIANO U. GODINEZ, with	
RAYMUNDO O. FELICIANO, with	

All known to me and to me known to be the same persons who executed the foregoing Articles of Incorporation and they acknowledged to me that the same is their free and voluntary act and deed.

WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL at Manila, Philippines, this 4th day of September 1969

Doc. No. 422; Page No. 86;

Book No. I;

Series of 1969

(SGD.) J. NICOLAS, JR.

Notary Public

Until December 31, 1970

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, **DODJIE D. LAGAZO**, Filipino, of legal age, with office address at the 4th Floor, 6750 Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, hereby certify that:

- I am the duly elected and incumbent Assistant Corporate Secretary of AC ENERGY CORPORATION (formerly, AC Energy Philippines, Inc, the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Republic of Philippines with principal address at the 4th Floor, 6750 Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.
- To the best of my knowledge and based on records of the Corporation, no action or proceeding has
 been filed or is pending before any court or tribunal involving an intra-corporate dispute and/or
 claim by any person or group against the Board of Directors, individual directors and/or major
 corporate officers of the Corporation in their capacity as such directors and officers of the
 Corporation, or vice versa.

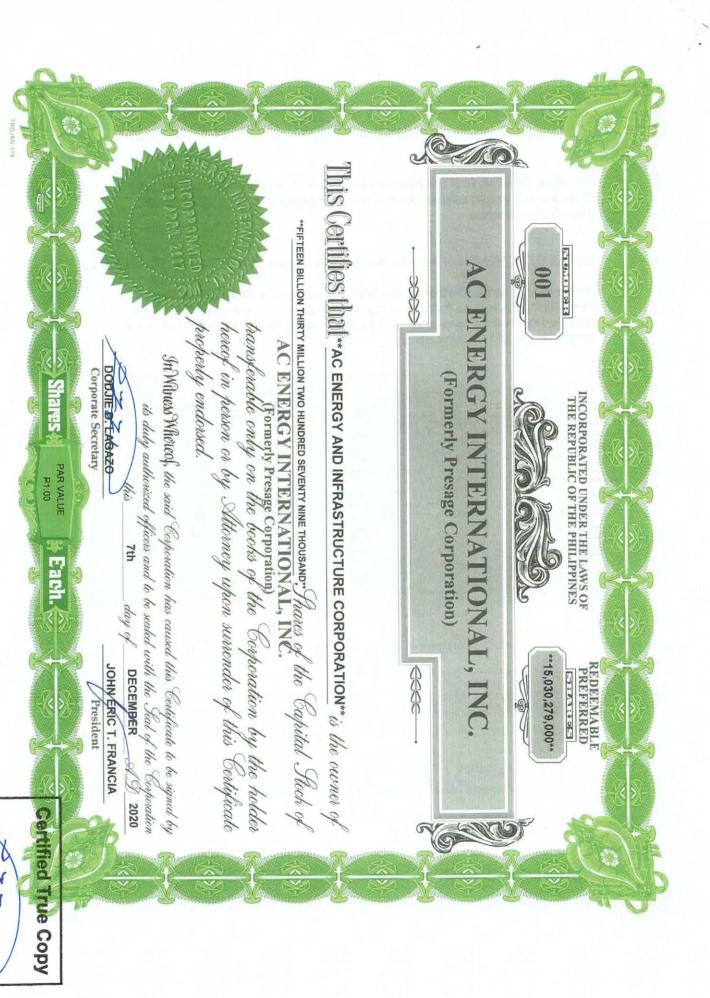
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this Certificate this

APR 2 6 2021

in Makati City.

Assistant Corporate Secretary
TIN: 228-446-337

in Makati City, affiant exhibiting SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _APR 2 6 2021 to me as competent evidence of identity his Doc. No .: PARALDE Page No.: Notary Public - Makati City Book No .: Appt. No. M-163 until December 31, 2021 Series of 2021. Roll of Attorneys No. 71073 IBP OR No.144650; January 7, 2021 PTR No. MKT-8534431; 01/05/2021. Markati City MCLE Compliance No. V1-0028680; value until 04/14/2022 7727 E. Jacinto cor. Medina 34 Barangay Pio Del Pilar, Makati City



Corporate Secretary













AFFIDAVIT OF UNDERAKING

I, DODJIE D. LAGAZO, Filipino, of legal age, with office address at the 4th Floor, 6750 Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, hereby certify that:

- 1. I am the Assistant Corporate Secretary of AC ENERGY AND INFRASTRUCTURE CORPORATION (formerly AC Energy, Inc.; hereinafter, the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Republic of the Philippines, with principal address at 4th Floor, 6750 Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.
- 2. The Corporation executed a Deed of Assignment in favor of AC Energy Corporation (the "Transferee") on 26 April 2021, wherein the Corporation transferred to the Transferee its 1,701,284,345 common shares and 15,030,279,000 redeemable preferred shares in AC Energy International, Inc. (formerly Presage Corporation) (the "Subject Shares") in exchange for 16,685,800,533 common shares of stock in the Transferee.
- 3. The Corporation hereby undertakes to submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission proof of transfer of the Subject Shares to the Transferee in the form of stock certificates of the Subject Shares in the name of the Transferee within the prescribed period, extendible for justifiable reasons.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this Certificate this

APR 2 6 2021

in Makati City.

Corporate Secretary

TIN: 228-446-337

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this to me as competent evidence of identity his

APR 2 6 2021

in Makati City, affiant exhibiting

Doc. No.: 15 Page No .: Book No .: Series of 2021.

AN D.R. ITARALDE

Notary Public - Makati City Appt. No. M-163 until December 31, 2021 Roll of Attorneys No. 71073 IBP OR No.144650; January 7, 2021 PTR No. MKT-8534431; 01/05/2021; Makati City MCLE Compliance No. V1-0028680; valid until 04/14/2022

7727 E. Jacinto cor. Medina St. Barangay Pio Del Pilar, Makati City



4F 6750 Office Tower Ayala Avenue Makati City 1226 Philippines Tel +632 7730 6300 www.acenergy.ph

26 April 2021

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Secretariat Building, PICC Complex Roxas Boulevard, Metro Manila, Philippines

Attention:

Director Gerardo Del Rosario

Company Registration and Monitoring Department

Re:

Request for Confirmation of Valuation

Property in Exchange for Shares

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We write to request for confirmation of the valuation of the assets owned by AC Energy and Infrastructure Corporation (formerly AC Energy, Inc.: "ACEIC") consisting of shares of stock in AC Energy International, Inc. (formerly Presage Corporation) ("ACEIC Assets"), which were assigned to AC Energy Corporation (the "Corporation" or "ACEN") in exchange for 16,685,800,533 common shares of stock of the Corporation, which shall be issued out of the increase in the Corporation's authorized capital stock.

The Corporation is listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE"). ACEIC, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Republic of the Philippines currently owns 55.99% of the outstanding capital stock of ACEN.

On 18 March 2020, the Board of Directors of ACEN unanimously approved to increase the authorized capital stock of ACEN from Pesos: Twenty-four Billion Four Hundred Million (\$\frac{1}{2}\$4,400,000,000.00) divided into twenty-four billion four hundred million (24,400,000,000) common shares with a par value of Peso: One (\$\frac{1}{2}\$1.00) per share \$\frac{TO}{2}\$ Pesos: Forty-eight Billion Four Hundred Million (\$\frac{1}{2}\$48,400,000,000.00) divided into Forty-eight Billion Four Hundred Million (48,400,000,000) common shares with a par value of Peso: One (\$\frac{1}{2}\$1.00) per share ("Increase in ACS"), and has further authorized ACEN to apply for the approval by the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") of the Increase in ACS. On 18 March 2021, the Board of Directors unanimously confirmed its 18 March 2020 approval of the Increase in ACS and the subscription by ACEIC in accordance with the transaction described below.

On 20 April 2020, the Increase in ACS was approved by the stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of ACEN. On 19 April 2021, the stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of ACEN confirmed their 20 April 2020 approval of the Increase in ACS.

Under the Deed of Assignment executed on 26 April 2021, ACEIC assigned the ACEI Assets or 1,701,284,345 common shares and 15,030,279,000 redeemable preferred shares of ACEIC in AC Energy International, Inc. (formerly Presage Corporation) in exchange for 16,685,800,533 common shares of stock in the Corporation, at the total issue price of ₱85,931,872,744.95, or ₱5.15 per share. The said 16,685,800,533 common shares of stock subject of the Deed of Assignment will be issued by the Corporation out of the Increase in ACS.

The ACEIC Assets were valued at a total of ₱85,931,872,744.95, on the basis of a valuation study conducted by FTI Consulting Philippines, Inc. ("FTI Consulting") an independent firm accredited by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC Accreditation No. 032) as a Professional Services Organization in accordance with SEC Memorandum No. 2 Series of 2014 (Guidelines on Asset Valuation). Based on FTI Consulting's study, the fair market value of the ACEIC Assets is estimated to be in the range of ₱69,387,450,000 to ₱86,036,850,000.

The ACEIC Assets are listed and described the Valuation Report dated 18 March 2021 issued by FTI Consulting.

In support of this request, we attach the following:

1. Valuation Report dated 18 March 2021 issued by FTI Consulting as Annex A;

2. Secretary's Certificate on the board resolution approving the additional issuance of shares of stock as Annex B;

3. Secretary's Certificate on the list of stockholders with the nationalities, amount subscribed and paid up, and the subscriber to the new shares as Annex C;

4. Secretary's Certificate on no pending case of intra-corporate dispute as Annex D; and

5. Secretary's Certificate on the resolution by the stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of the ACEN approving the issuance of shares in exchange for property as Annex E.

We trust that this request merits your prompt and favorable action.

Very truly yours, MARIA CORAZON G. DIZON

Chief Finance Officer



MARKETS AND SECURITIES REGULATION DEPARTMENT

04 May 2021

AC ENERGY CORPORATION

4th Floor, 6750 Office Tower Ayala Avenue, Makati City Tel. No. (02) 7730-6300

Attention:

ALAN ASCALON

Assistant Corporate Secretary & VP - Legal and Data Privacy Officer

Subject:

Request for Comment/Recommendation

Gentlemen:

This is in connection with the request of AC ENERGY CORPORATION (the "Company") for comment and/or recommendation relative to its application for amendment of its Articles of Incorporation (AOI), as follows:

> SEVENTH: That the authorized capital stock of said Corporation is FORTY-EIGHT BILLION FOUR HUNDRED MILLION PESOS (P48,400,000,000.00) Philippine Currency, and said capital stock is divided into FORTY-EIGHT BILLION FOUR HUNDRED MILLION (48,400,000,000.00) shares with a par value of One Peso (P1.00) per share. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 18 March 2021, and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 19 April 2021)

> That no holder of the capital stock, whether said stock is now or hereafter authorized, shall have any right, as such stockholder, to purchase or subscribe to additional shares of the capital stock which are now or hereafter authorized by the Corporation, if the issue of the said additional stock not to exceed Thirty-Five percent (35%) of the resulting total subscribed capital stock shall be used exclusively for the benefit of the Corporation as determined by resolutions of the Board of Directors.

> That existing stockholders shall have no pre-emptive right in relation to shares issued in good faith in exchange for property needed for corporate purposes or in payment of a previously contracted debt provide however, that shares to be issued for this purpose shall not exceed twenty-four (24) billion shares. (As amended during the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 18 March 2021 and approved during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 19 April 2021)

We do not interpose any objection to your application provided that once the application has been approved, AC Energy Corporation shall file a duly accomplished **Current Report (SEC Form 17-C)** disclosing therein the Commission's approval of said amendment with the Commission's Central Receiving and Records Division, within five (5) days from the approval of the Amended Articles of Incorporation.

The company is also reminded to file an amended General Information Sheet (GIS) within seven (7) days after such change occurred or became effective.

Our Department, nonetheless defers to the discretion of the Commission's Company Registration and Monitoring Department (CRMD) considering that it has primary jurisdiction over registration of corporations and partnership in general, as well as amendments to Articles of Incorporation. Furthermore, our comments or recommendations are limited merely to this Department's regulatory requirements and does not cover the substance of the application with respect to compliance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines.

This comment is without prejudice to the prerogative of this Department to act later against the subject entity, if warranted, to ensure full compliance with the provision of the Securities Regulation Code, its implementing rules and regulations, and other pertinent laws, rules and regulations, as may be necessary and applicable under the circumstances.

Very truly yours,

signed VICENTE GRACIANO P. FELIZMENIO, JR. Director

Copy furnished:

COMPANY REGISTRATION AND MONITORING DEPARTMENT Securities and Exchange Commission

AC ENERGY DOLLETE, Virginia V.

From:	MSRD COVID19 <msrd_covid19@sec.gov.ph></msrd_covid19@sec.gov.ph>
Sent:	Monday, 26 April 2021 3:27 PM
То:	AC ENERGY DOLLETE, Virginia V. Re: AC Energy Corporation's Request for Comment/Recommendation
Subject:	Re: AC Energy Corporation's Request for Comment, November 1
Acknowledged. Thank you	1.
Regards,	
MARKETS AND SECURI PHILIPPINE SECURITIES AND	ITIES REGULATION DEPARTMENT DEXCHANGE COMMISSION
On Mon, Apr 26, 2021 at	2:01 PM AC ENERGY DOLLETE, Virginia V. < dollete.vv@acenergy.com.ph > wrote:
Gentlemen:	
We would like to reques Authorized Capital Stock please see the attached	st for your comment/recommendation with regard to our application for the Increase in k of AC Energy Corporation (formerly: AC Energy Philippines, Inc.) For your reference, I documents:
2 Directors' Certifi	es of Incorporation;
We hope to receive a f	favorable response.
Thank you.	

MSRD FORM FOR Request for Comments/Recommendations For CRMD Applications filed by MSRD registered entities

26 April 2021 Date

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

PICC Secretariat Building, PICC Complex Roxas Boulevard, Pasay City

Attention :

MARKETS AND SECURITIES REGULATION DEPARTMENT

Subject :

REQUEST FOR COMMENTS/RECOMMENDATION

Gentlemen:

This is to respectfully request your Department's comment and/or recommendation on the proposed application of our corporation/partnership to be filed with the Company Registration and Monitoring Department (CRMD), details of which are as follows:

NAME OF REQUESTING CORPORATION/PARTNERSHIP	AC ENERGY CORPORATION
ADDRESS OF REQUESTING CORPORATON/PARTNERSHIP	4th Floor 6750 Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City
SEC REGISTRATION NO. (If applicable)	39274
TYPE OF SEC-ISSUED SECONDARY LICENSE (If applicable)	
TYPE OF PROPOSED CRMD APPLICATION	Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation
CONTACT PERSON	Alan T. Ascalon
CONTACT NUMBERS	09175550765

Moreover, we also request that you furnish the CRMD a copy of your reply to our request. We have attached a copy of the aforesaid application for your review/evaluation only and for the purpose of the issuance of the Markets and Securities Regulation Department's (MSRD) comment and/or recommendation thereto. It is further understood that the MSRD is not responsible for the actual processing of the above-mentioned application of the corporation/partnership.

Finally, should there be any violation of any existing laws, rules and regulations implemented by the MSRD, the company undertakes to: (1) submit all the required report/s within seven (7) day from notification of approval of the application/s; and (2) pay the corresponding penalty.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

AC ENERGY CORPORATION

(Name of Corporation/Partneship)

By: ALAN TASCALON

(Signature over Printed Name/Authorized Representative

Detailed Schedule of Shares assigned to AC Energy Corporation ("ACEN") in exchange for 16,685,800,533 ACEN Common Shares

Company	Stock Certificate No.	Type of Share	Number of Shares	Par Value per Share (PhP)	% of Ownership Transferred	Transfer Value (PhP)	No. of Exchange Shares
AC Energy International, Inc. (formerly, Presage	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Common Redeemable Preferred	1,701,284,345 15,030,279,000	1.00 1.00	100% 100%	70,901,593,744.95 15,030,279,000.00	13,767,299,756 2,918,500,777
Corp.) Total						85,931,872,744.95	16,685,800,533

^{*} Stock Certificate Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 for one common share each are held by nominee directors of AC Energy and Infrastructure Corporation

Certified by:

Maria Corazon G Dizon Treasurer & CFO AC Energy Corporation



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 8891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue Fax: (632) 8819 0872 1226 Makati City Philippines

ey.com/ph

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, October 4, 2018, valid until August 24, 2021 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-5 (Group A), November 6, 2018, valid until November 5, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders AC Energy International, Inc. 4th Floor, 6750 Ayala Avenue Office Tower Makati City

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AC Energy International, Inc. (formerly Presage Corporation) (the Company), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations 15-2010

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information required under Revenue Regulations 15-2010 in Note 14 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management of AC Energy International, Inc. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Benjamin O. Villacote

Benjamin N. Villacorte

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 111562

SEC Accreditation No. 1539-AR-1 (Group A), March 26, 2019, valid until March 25, 2022

Tax Identification No. 242-917-987

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-120-2019,

January 28, 2019, valid until January 27, 2022

PTR No. 8534383, January 4, 2021, Makati City

April 27, 2021



AC ENERGY INTERNATIONAL, INC. (FORMERLY PRESAGE CORPORATION)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	December 31		
	2020	2019	
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 11)	₽99,977,339	₽165,438,390	
Due from related parties (Notes 10 and 11)	96,717,765	220,011,546	
Receivables	2,421,000	_	
Total Current Assets	199,116,104	385,449,936	
Noncurrent Assets			
Equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive in	ncome		
(Note 5)	2,500	2,500	
Input value-added taxes	8,606,156	4,478,563	
Loans receivable (Notes 10 and 11)	148,545,684	148,545,684	
Interest receivable (Notes 10 and 11)	23,704,415	11,760,610	
Investments in subsidiary and associates (Note 6)	16,947,558,130	16,896,428,130	
Total Noncurrent Assets	17,128,416,885	17,061,215,487	
TOTAL ASSETS	P17,327,532,989	₽17,446,665,423	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts and other payables (Note 7)	P60,764,076	₽9,865,280	
Income tax payable	240	48,501,202	
Total Current Liabilities	60,764,316	58,366,482	
Noncurrent Liability			
Deferred tax liability (Note 9)	7,591,031	3,288,128	
Total Liabilities	68,355,347	61,654,610	
Equity (Note 8)			
Common stock	1,701,284,345	1,650,166,345	
Preferred Stock	15,030,279,000	1,030,100,343	
Additional paid-in capital		54,151,380	
Deposit for future stock subscription	_	15,030,279,000	
Retained earnings	527,614,297	650,414,088	
Total Equity	17,259,177,642	17,385,010,813	
	, , ,		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	F17,347,334,989	P17,446,665,423	



AC ENERGY INTERNATIONAL, INC. (FORMERLY PRESAGE CORPORATION)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years Ended December 31		
	2020	2019	
INCOME			
Interest income (Notes 4 and 10)	P11,964,152	₽12,680,205	
Foreign exchange gain - net	2,411,204	37,473,945	
Dividend income (Notes 6 and 10)	_,,,	306,270,030	
Gain on sale of investments in subsidiaries and associate (Note 6)	_	420,908,008	
Canal on the control of the control	14,375,356	777,332,188	
EXPENSES			
Management fees (Note 10)	34,131,796	28,681,874	
Professional fees	1,981,403	2,182,523	
Taxes and licenses	83,602	107,593,677	
Bank charges	1,825	170,732	
Loss on sale of investment in a subsidiary (Note 6)	_	256,025,520	
Miscellaneous	6,744		
	36,205,370	394,654,326	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	(21,830,014)	382,677,862	
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 9)	4,307,188	46,551,953	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(26,137,202)	336,125,909	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Other comprehensive gain not to be reclassified to profit or loss in			
subsequent periods: <i>Unrealized fair value gain on investments at fair value</i>			
through other comprehensive income		12,211,265	
mrough other comprehensive income	-	12,211,203	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	(P26,137,202)	₽348,337,174	



AC ENERGY INTERNATIONAL, INC. (FORMERLY PRESAGE CORPORATION) STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	Common Stock (Note 8)	Redeemable Preferred Stock (Note 8)	Additional Paid-in Capital (Note 8)	Deposit on Future Stock Subscription (Note 8)	Gain (Loss) on Equity Instruments at FVOCI (Note 5)	Retained Earnings	Total
Balances at January 1, 2020	P1,650,166,345	₽–	P54,151,380	P15,030,279,000	₽–	P650,414,088	P17,385,010,813
Total comprehensive loss Issuance of shares	51,118,000	_			_	(26,137,202)	(26,137,202) 51,118,000
Transaction costs on issuance of shares	-	_	(54,151,380)	_	_	(96,662,589)	(150,813,969)
Application of deposit	_	15,030,279,000	_	(15,030,279,000)	_	_	_
Balances at December 31, 2020	P1,701,284,345	₽15,030,279,000	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽527,614,297	P17,259,177,642
Balances at January 1, 2019	₽2,734,054,558	₽_	₽88,314,593	P1,339,200,000	(P12,210,707)	P384,287,621	P4,533,646,065
Net income	_	_	-	-	-	336,125,909	336,125,909
Other comprehensive gain	-	_	_	_	12,210,707	558	12,211,265
Total comprehensive income	-	_	-	_	12,210,707	336,126,467	348,337,174
Issuance of shares	29,891,397	475,136,760	_	_	_	_	505,028,157
Transaction costs on issuance of shares Redemption and retirement of	_	_	(34,163,213)	_	-	_	(34,163,213)
shares	(1,113,779,610)	(1,814,336,760)	_	_	_	_	(2,928,116,370)
Application of deposit		1,339,200,000	_	(1,339,200,000)	_	_	_
Receipt of deposit	_	_	_	15,030,279,000	_	_	15,030,279,000
Dividends declared	_	_	_		_	(70,000,000)	(70,000,000)
Balances at December 31, 2019	₽1,650,166,345	₽–	₽54,151,380	P15,030,279,000	₽–	P650,414,088	₽17,385,010,813

Net Unrealized



AC ENERGY INTERNATIONAL, INC. (FORMERLY PRESAGE CORPORATION)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31		
	2020	2019	
CARLEY ON GEDOM ODED A WING A CONTINUE			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(D21 020 014)	D202 (77 0/2	
Income (loss) before income tax	(P21,830,014)	₽382,677,862	
Adjustments for:	(11.064.152)	(12 690 205)	
Interest income (Notes 4 and 10) Unrealized foreign exchange gain - net	(11,964,152) (2,399,204)	(12,680,205) (37,473,945)	
Loss on sale of investment in a subsidiary (Note 6)	(2,399,204)	256,025,520	
Gain on sale of investments in subsidiaries and associate (Note 6)	_	(420,908,008)	
Dividend income (Note 6)	_	(306,270,030)	
Operating loss before changes in working capital	(36,193,370)	(138,628,806)	
Increase in:	(30,133,370)	(130,020,000)	
Input value-added taxes	(4,127,593)	(3,506,374)	
Accounts and other payables	50,898,796	246,547	
Net cash generated from (used for) operations	10,577,833	(141,888,633)	
Interest received	20,347	1,719,779	
Taxes paid	(48,505,247)	(332,840)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(37,907,067)	(140,501,694)	
The train about it operating activities	(0.19-0.19-0.1)	(1:0,001,001)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends received (Notes 6 and 10)		306,270,030	
Deduction from (additions to):		300,270,030	
Due from related parties (Note 10)	123,293,781	117,334,339	
Investment in subsidiaries, associates and	123,273,701	117,554,557	
joint venture (Note 6)	(51,130,000)	(15,093,383,930)	
Loans receivable (Note 10)	(61,120,000)	(28,518,150)	
Equity instruments at FVOCI (Note 5)	_	(604,645,600)	
Proceeds from:		(***,****)	
Disposal of equity instruments at FVOCI (Note 5)	_	692,574,000	
Disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and		, ,	
joint venture (Note 6)	_	2,292,796,763	
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	72,163,781	(12,317,572,548)	
	, ,		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from:			
Deposit for future stock subscription (Note 8)	_	15,030,279,000	
Issuances of shares (Note 8)	51,118,000	505,028,157	
Payments of:			
Redemption and retirement of shares (Note 8)	_	(2,928,116,370)	
Dividends (Note 8)	_	(70,000,000)	
Transaction cost on issuances of shares (Note 8)	(150,813,969)	(34,163,213)	
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(99,695,969)	12,503,027,574	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(65,439,255)	44,953,332	
THE I INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(03,437,433)	++,733,332	
EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE			
ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(21,796)	(30,478,845)	
O., O. DIALIE O'LOIL DE OLITICATION	(21,770)	(50,470,045)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	165,438,390	150,963,903	
	,,	. , ,-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR (Note 4)	₽ 99,977,339	₽165,438,390	



AC ENERGY INTERNATIONAL, INC. (FORMERLY PRESAGE CORPORATION)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

AC Energy International, Inc. (Formerly Presage Corporation) (the Company) is a domestic corporation registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on April 3, 2007. The Company was organized primarily to invest in financial instruments, and engage in the activities of a holding company, without however engaging in the business of an investment company, finance company or a broker or dealer in securities.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of AC Energy and Infrastructure Corporation ("ACEIC", Formerly AC Energy, Inc. the Parent Company). ACEIC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ayala Corporation (AC), which is a publicly-listed company, 47.3% owned by Mermac, Inc. (ultimate parent) and the rest by the public.

On March 13, 2020, the Board of Directors (BOD) and Shareholders of AC Energy International, Inc approved the amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation and By-laws to change the corporate name of the Company from "Presage Corporation" to "AC Energy International, Inc". The amendment was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 7, 2020.

The Company's registered office address is 4th Floor 6750 Ayala Avenue Office Tower, Makati City.

The Company's accounting and administrative functions are handled by ACE Shared Services, Inc. (ACES) (Note 10).

The accompanying financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on April 27, 2021.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for the equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) which are carried at fair value and are presented in Philippine Peso (P), the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest Peso unless otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

The Company elected not to prepare consolidated financial statements under the exemption provided in PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements* and PAS 28, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. The accounts of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of ACEIC, the Company's immediate parent company. ACEIC prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS and for the same accounting period as that of the Company, which can be obtained at its registered address at 4th Floor 6750 Ayala Avenue Office Tower, Makati City.



Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The Company has adopted the following new accounting pronouncements starting January 1, 2020. Adoption of the pronouncements either did not have any significant impact on the Company's financial position or performance or not applicable to the Company, unless otherwise indicated.

Effective beginning on January 1, 2020

• Amendments to PFRS 3, Business Combinations, Definition of a Business

The amendments to PFRS 3 clarifies that to be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. Furthermore, it clarifies that a business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments will apply on future business combinations of the Company.

• Amendments to PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures and PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The amendments to PFRS 9 provide a number of reliefs, which apply to all hedging relationships that are directly affected by the interest rate benchmark reform. A hedging relationship is affected if the reform gives rise to uncertainties about the timing and or amount of benchmark-based cash flows of the hedged item or the hedging instrument.

• Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of Material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity."

The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users.

• Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued on March 29, 2018

The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist the standard-setters in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies where there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

The revised Conceptual Framework includes new concepts, provides updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.



- Amendments to PFRS 16, COVID-19-related Rent Concessions
 The amendments provide relief to lessees from applying the PFRS 16 requirement on lease modifications to rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. A lessee may elect not to assess whether a rent concession from a lessor is a lease modification if it meets all of the following criteria:
 - The rent concession is a direct consequence of COVID-19;
 - The change in lease payments results in a revised lease consideration that is substantially the same as, or less than, the lease consideration immediately preceding the change;
 - Any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before June 30, 2021; and
 - There is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee that applies this practical expedient will account for any change in lease payments resulting from the COVID-19 related rent concession in the same way it would account for a change that is not a lease modification, i.e., as a variable lease payment.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after June 1, 2020. Early adoption is permitted.

This amendment is not applicable to the Company.

Standards Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on January 1, 2021

 Amendments to PFRS 9, PFRS 7, PFRS 4 and PFRS 16, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

The amendments provide the following temporary reliefs which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR):

- o Practical expedient for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of IBOR reform
- o Relief from discontinuing hedging relationships
- o Relief from the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component

The Group shall also disclose information about:

- o The about the nature and extent of risks to which the entity is exposed arising from financial instruments subject to IBOR reform, and how the entity manages those risks; and
- o Their progress in completing the transition to alternative benchmark rates, and how the entity is managing that transition

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 and apply retrospectively, however, the Group is not required to restate prior periods.



Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2021

• Amendments to PFRS 9, PFRS 7, PFRS 4 and PFRS 16, *Interest Rate Benchmark Reform* – *Phase* 2

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2022

- Amendments to PFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework
- Amendments to PAS 16, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use
- Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts Costs of Fulfilling a Contract
- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle
 - o Amendments to PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Philippines Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a first-time adopter
 - Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities
 - o Amendments to PAS 41, Agriculture, Taxation in fair value measurements

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

- Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies that have been used by the Company in the preparation of the financial statements are discussed below.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash in bank earns interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with maturities of three months or less from dates of placements and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.



Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. For a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are "solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)" on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

The Company measures financial assets at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost pertains to "Cash and cash equivalents", "Due from related parties", "Receivables", "Loan receivable" and "Interest receivable".

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.



The Company elected to classify irrevocably its non-listed equity investments under this category (Note 5).

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or,
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a nonfinancial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset is its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at each reporting date.



For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For its "Receivables", "Due from related parties" "Loan receivables" and "Interest receivables", the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

The Company's "Cash and cash equivalents" are graded to be low credit risk investment based on the depository bank's credit ratings as published by Bloomberg Terminal.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financials liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loan and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

As at December 31, 2020, and 2019, the Company's financial liabilities pertain to "Accounts and other payables".

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled, or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Company's statement of comprehensive income.



Investments in a Subsidiary and Associates

The Company's investments in a subsidiary and associates are accounted for under the cost method less accumulated provision for impairment losses, if any.

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Company exercises control over the company. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has:

- a. Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- b. Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- c. The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- a. The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- b. Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- c. The Company's voting rights and potential voting rights.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but has no control or joint control over those policies. A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture.

Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Company recognizes income from the investment only to the extent that the Company receives distributions from accumulated profits of the investee arising after the date of acquisition. Distributions received in excess of such profits are regarded as a recovery of investment and are recognized as a reduction of the cost of the investment.

The Company reduces the carrying value of its investment based on acquisition cost per share (historical cost) when the Company disposes the investment or the investee reacquires its own equity instruments from the Company.

Equity

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. When the shares are sold at premium, the difference between the proceeds and the par value is recognized as additional paid-in capital. Direct costs incurred related to the equity issuance are deducted from equity, net of any related tax benefits. If additional paid-in capital is not sufficient, the excess is charged against retained earnings.

Retained earnings represent accumulated net earnings (losses) of the Company.

Other Comprehensive Income

OCI are items of income and expense that are not recognized in determining the profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.



Interest income

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using EIR.

Expense Recognition

Expenses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when decrease in economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in liability has arisen that can be measured reliably. These are generally recognized as they are incurred.

Income Tax

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the exchange rate at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are restated using the closing exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange gains or losses arising from foreign exchange transactions are credited to or charged against operations for the year.

Events After the Reporting Period

Post-year end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post-year end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

3. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying Company financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying Company financial statements are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the company financial statements:

Assessment of control

The Company determined that it has control over its subsidiary (see Note 6) by considering, among others, its power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns. The following were also considered:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual agreements
- The Partnership's voting rights and potential voting rights



Assessment of significant influence

The Company determined that it exercises significant influence over its associate by considering, among others, its ownership interest, Board representation and participation on Board sub-committees, and other contractual terms (see Note 6).

Evaluation of impairment of financial assets

Under PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, the Company reviews its cash and receivables portfolio to assess impairment at least on an annual basis. In determining whether ECL should be recognized in the statements of comprehensive income, the Company makes judgments as to whether there is any observable data that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from debt instruments. In 2020 and 2019, no provision for ECL was recognized (see Notes 10 and 11).

Evaluation of impairment of nonfinancial assets

The Company reviews its nonfinancial assets for impairment of value. This includes considering certain indications of impairment such as significant decline in assets' market value, significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends.

When there are indicators of impairment, the Company estimates the recoverable amount as the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In determining the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use of the assets, the Company is required to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the carrying value of these assets.

Management assessed that no impairment indicators exist on the Company's nonfinancial assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 (see Note 6).

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2020	2019
Cash in banks	P 99,977,339	₽22,438,390
Cash equivalents	_	143,000,000
	P 99,977,339	₽165,438,390

Cash in banks earns interest at a rate of 0.25% to 7.50% for 2020 and 2019.

Cash equivalents is a short term, highly liquid investment that is made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earns interest at ranging from 2.25% to 6.25% per annum in 2020 and 2019.

Interest income from cash in banks and cash equivalents amounted to 20.02 million and 20.02 million in 2020 and 2019, respectively.



5. Equity Instruments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

This account pertains to investments in equity securities of Katimak Holdings, Inc. (Katimak), a domestic corporations whose shares are not listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange. As at 2020 and 2019, the equity instrument has a carrying value of ₱2,500 resulting to a 1% direct ownership in the Company.

In 2018, the Company acquired 9.63% ownership of ACE DevCo amounting to ₱87.93 million. As at December 31, 2018, the fair value of investment in ACE DevCo amounted to ₱75.72 million.

From January to May 2019, the Company made additional infusions to ACE DevCo amounting to \$\mathbb{P}604.65\$ million.

On September 26, 2019, the Company and its affiliate, ACE Renewables Philippines, Inc. (ACRPI, formerly Moorland Philippines Holdings, Inc.) entered into a deed of assignment of shares of stock for the entire interest of the Company in ACE DevCo for \$\mathbb{P}692.57\$ million (Note 10). The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on October 9, 2019.

The increase in fair value amounting to \$\mathbb{P}12.21\$ million for the Company's investment in ACE DevCo was recognized prior to the sale. This is presented as other comprehensive income in the 2019 statement of comprehensive income. Fair value is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable discount rates relevant to the industry of these companies. This is a Level 3 valuation technique.

6. Investments in a Subsidiary and Associates

The Company's investments in a subsidiary and associates and the corresponding direct percentages of ownership as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are shown below:

	Direct Per	centage of		
	Own	ership	Carrying Amounts	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Subsidiary				
AC Energy Cayman (ACE Cayman) (1)	100%	100 %	P2,529,430	P 2,529,430
Associates				
AC Renewables International Pte. Ltd. (ACRI,				
formerly AC Energy Holdings International				
Holdings PTE Ltd.) (2)	100%	9%	16,937,603,500	16,886,473,500
ACE Investments HK Limited (ACE HKL)	100%	100%	_	_
Northpoint Wind Power				
Development Corporation (Northpoint) (3)	48%	48%	5,000,000	5,000,000
Northeast Wind Systems Corporation (NEWS) (3)	47%	47%	2,425,200	2,425,200
			P16,947,558,130	P16,896,428,130

The rollforward of this account is as follows:

	2020	2019
Balance at beginning of year	P16,896,428,130	₽3,570,995,901
Acquisitions during the year (including conversion)	51,130,000	15,656,603,930
Cost of investments disposed during the year	_	(2,331,171,701)
Balance at end of year	P16,947,558,130	P16,896,428,130



Unless otherwise stated, the principal place of business and country of incorporation of the Company's investment in subsidiaries and associates is in the Philippines.

Except as discussed below, the voting rights held by the Company in its investments in subsidiaries and associates are in proportion to its ownership interest. The following significant transactions affected the Company's investments:

(1) Investment in ACE Cayman

On December 17, 2019, the Company and AC Energy HK Ltd., a subsidiary of ACEIC, entered into a deed of assignment of shares for the latter's 20,000 shares in ACE Cayman to the Company for \$\mathbb{P}\$2.53 million. The assignment resulted to 100% ownership in ACE Cayman. ACE Cayman holds 64% economic interest in ACRI.

ACE Cayman is a private limited company in Hong Kong and it was established to carry out international financing activities of the Company.

(2) Investment in ACRI

ACRI is a private company incorporated in Singapore and is the investment vehicle of ACEIC for international renewable projects.

In 2019, ACEIC made acquisition through subscription to 1.00 million primary shares with a total par value of US\$1 million (₱52.00 million). This diluted the Company ownership interest to 9% with voting interest of 25% with its 0.10 million shares with a total par value of US\$0.10 million (₱5.20 million). Consequently, ACRI became an associate of the Company.

The Company made capital infusions to ACRI amounting to US\$1.00 million ($\rlapabel{2}$ 51.13 million) and US\$297.00 million ($\rlapabel{2}$ 15,068.59 million) in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The US\$1.00 million capital infusion is for the issuance of 100% of primary shares of ACRI which was previously redeemed to ACEIC in 2020.

Dividends received from ACRI amounted to \$\mathbb{P}176.99\$ million in 2019 (nil in 2020).

(3) Investments in PWPC, NEWS and Northpoint

In 2018, the Company entered into an Investment Framework Agreement and Shareholders' Agreement, where, the Company acquired ownership of Pagudpud Wind Power Corp. for \$2.50 million, the majority shareholder of Bayog Wind Power Corp. ("BWPC"), the project Company.

In 2019, the Company acquired from ACEIC 26,021 shares in PWPC for \$\mathbb{P}\$2.60 million. On October 2, 2019, the Company's investment in PWPC amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$5.10 million was sold to ACE DevCo at book value (see Note 10). The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on October 2, 2019.

On August 31, 2019, the Company acquired interest in NEWS and Northpoint amounting to \$\mathbb{P}2.43\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}5.00\$ million, respectively.

NEWS and Northpoint are primarily engaged in the generation of electricity from renewable energy sources.



(4) Investments in Visayas Renewables Corp. (VRC) In 2017, the Company purchased 100% shares of VRC with aggregate acquisition cost of P586.03 million. VRC is a corporation engaged to evaluate, examine, develop and market in the manufacture and sale of electric current, biofuels and other utilities of any kind and character.

On September 26, 2019, the Company's investment in VRC was sold to ACE DevCo for \$\mathbb{P}330.00\$ million. The transaction resulted to \$\mathbb{P}256.03\$ million loss which is presented under "Loss on sale of investment in a subsidiary" in the statements of comprehensive income (see Note 10). The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on September 26, 2019.

Investments in Solienda Incorporated and SCC Bulk Water Supply Inc
In 2017, the Company purchased 100% shares of Solienda and SCC with aggregate acquisition
cost amounting to £515.81 million and £127.07 million, respectively. Solienda was organized
primarily to deal and engage in land and real estate business. SCC is primarily engaged in
collection, purification and distribution of water in Negros Occidental.

On October 1, 2019, the Company's investment in SCC amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$127.07 million was sold to ACE DevCo at book value (Note 10). The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on October 1, 2019.

On October 2, 2019, the Company's investment in Solienda was sold to ACE DevCo at book value (Note 10). On the same date, deposit for stock subscription of the Company for the shares of Solienda with an aggregate amount of \$\mathbb{P}90.00\$ million recorded under "Due from related parties" was applied to the issued shares of Solienda and consequently sold to ACE DevCo for \$\mathbb{P}204.33\$ million. The transaction resulted to \$\mathbb{P}114.33\$ million gain on sale which is presented under "Gains on sale of investments in subsidiaries and associate" in the statements of comprehensive income. The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on October 2, 2019.

Dividends received from Solienda amounted to \$\mathbb{P}70.00\$ million in 2019 (nil in 2020).

(6) Investment in Gigasol2, Inc

In 2017, Gigasol1, Gigasol2, Gigasol3, SolarAce1, and SolarAce2 (collectively "Solar entities") were established as wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. The purpose of these companies is to apply for and pursue solar farm projects. Total cost of investment amounts to ₹4.00 million each, consisting of 4.00 million common shares at ₹1.00 par value. The Company has outstanding subscription payable to these five Solar entities amounting to ₹3.00 million each for an aggregate total of ₹15.00 million as at December 31, 2017 and was fully paid in 2018.

In 2018, the Company's investments in Gigasol1, Gigasol3, SolarAce1 and SolarAce2 amounting to a total of \$\mathbb{P}\$16.00 million were sold to Gigasol2 at book value.

The Company investments in AC Subic, AC Laguna, and AC La Mesa established in 2016 to carry business of exploring and developing renewable energy sources amounting were sold to Gigasol2 at book value of \$\mathbb{P}\$12.00 million in 2018. The Company has outstanding subscription payable to these three entities amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$3.00 million each for an aggregate total of \$\mathbb{P}\$9.00 million as at December 31, 2017 and was fully paid in 2018.

In 2018, Gigasol2 applied for increase of its authorized capital stock in which the Company subscribed and paid for 1.95 million redeemable preferred shares and 20.00 million common shares amounting to a total par value of \$\mathbb{P}215.00\$ million.



In 2019, the Company's investment in Gigasol2 was sold in two tranches to ACE DevCo amounting to ₱256.28 million and ₱246.27 million (see Note 10). The transaction resulted to ₱283.55 million gain on sale which is presented under "Gains on sale of investments in subsidiaries and associate" in the statements of comprehensive income. As at December 31, 2020, the purchase price from ACE DevCo amounting to ₱95.00 million remains unpaid.

(7) Investments in HDP Bulk Water Supply Inc.
In 2018, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement for the purchase of 100% interest in HDP for a total consideration of \$\mathbb{P}\$110.10 million. HDP is a domestic company that supplies water to San Carlos Bioenergy, Inc. and to San Carlos Land, Inc., affiliate companies.

The Company has outstanding retention payable amounting to \$8.26 million as at December 31, 2018 (see Note 10).

On May 16, 2019, the Company made infusions to HDP amounting to ₱12.24 million.

On October 1, 2019, the Company's investment in HDP was sold to ACE DevCo for \$\mathbb{P}122.33\$ million cash and the retention payable was transferred as part of the consideration (see Note 10). The transaction resulted to a gain of \$\mathbb{P}8.26\$ million which is presented under "Gains on sale of investments in subsidiaries and associate" in the statements of comprehensive income.

(8) Investments in NorthWind Power Development Corporation In 2014, the Company acquired 16.81% interest in NPDC for ₱123.43 million. Subsequently, in 2016, the Company acquired additional 17.79% interest in NPDC for ₱284.71 million, which increased the Company's equity interest in NPDC to 34.59%. NPDC owns and operates the 33-MW wind farm located in Bangui Bay, Ilocos Norte.

Dividends received from NPDC amounted to \$\mathbb{P}59.28\$ million in 2019 (nil in 2020).

On September 20, 2019, the Company's investment in NPDC was sold to ACRPI for \$\text{P}494.09\$ million (see Note 10). The transaction resulted to \$\text{P}14.77\$ million gain which is presented under "Gains on sale of investment in subsidiaries and associate" in the statements of comprehensive income. The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on September 20, 2019.

(9) Investment in Negros Island Biomass Holdings, Inc. In 2018, the Company entered into share purchase agreements for acquisition of interest in Isla Bio amounting to \$\P154.66\$ million. Isla Bio is the entity that holds interest in the three biomass plants in Negros - (1) San Carlos BioPower, (2) South Negros BioPower and (3) Negros BioPower.

In 2019, the Company's investment in Isla Bio amounting to \$\text{P186.51}\$ million was sold to ACE DevCo at book value (see Note 10). The proceeds of the sale were fully collected on October 1, 2019.



7. Accounts and Other Payables

This account consists of the following:

	2020	2019
Due to related parties (Note 10)	P60,535,024	₽_
Withholding tax payable	139,686	123,541
Accrued expenses	58,300	9,741,739
Accounts payable	31,066	_
	P60,764,076	₽9,865,280

Accounts payable and accrued expenses are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on thirty (30) to sixty (60) day terms.

8. Equity

	Number of Shares					
		Redeemable	_			
Class of stock	Common Shares	Preferred Shares	Total			
Authorized shares	6,000,000,000	20,410,279,000				
Par value	₽1.00	P1.00				
Balances at January 1, 2019	2,734,054,558	_	2,734,054,558			
Issuances during the year	29,891,397	1,814,336,760	1,844,228,157			
Redemption and retirement during the year	(1,113,779,610)	(1,814,336,760)	(2,928,116,370)			
Balances at December 31, 2019	1,650,166,345	_	1,650,166,345			
Issuances during the year	51,118,000	15,030,279,000	15,081,397,000			
Balances at December 31, 2020	1,701,284,345	15,030,279,000	16,731,563,345			

_	Amounts					
		Redeemable				
Class of stock	Common Shares	Preferred Shares	Total			
Balances at January 1, 2019	P2,734,054,558	₽–	P2,734,054,558			
Issuances during the year	29,891,397	1,814,336,760	1,844,228,157			
Redemption and retirement during the year	(1,113,779,610)	(1,814,336,760)	(2,928,116,370)			
Balances at December 31, 2019	1,650,166,345	_	1,650,166,345			
Issuances during the year	51,118,000	15,030,279,000	15,081,397,000			
Balances at December 31, 2020	P1,701,284,345	₽15,030,279,000	P16,731,563,345			

Common shares

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company has 6,000.00 million shares of authorized common shares with par value of P1.00 each. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, 1,701.28 million common shares with a total par value of P1.701.28 million and 1,650.17 million shares with a total par value of P1.701.28 million, respectively, were issued and outstanding.

In 2020 and 2019, ACEIC subscribed to 51.12 million common shares and 29.89 million common shares of the Company with a total par value of \$\mathbb{P}51.12\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}29.89\$ million, respectively.

On October 2019, the Company reacquired and thereafter retired 1,113.78 million common shares at par value amounting to P1,113.78 million.



Redeemable preferred shares

The Company's redeemable preferred shares have the following features: a) voting;

- (b) redeemable anytime at the option of the Company; (c) dividend rate to be determined by the BOD upon issuance; (d) with pre-emptive rights only in respect of any issue of preferred shares;
- (e) non-participating; and (f) preference over holders of common stock in the distribution of corporate assets in the event of dissolution and of the Company and in the payment of the dividend at the rate specified at the time of issuance.

In 2018, the BOD approved the increase in authorized redeemable preferred shares of 5,380.00 million redeemable preferred shares with a total par value of \$\mathbb{P}\$5,380.00 million. The increase in authorized redeemable preferred shares was approved by the SEC on January 25, 2019. Consequently, deposit for future stock subscription amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$1,339.20 million was applied to the subscribed redeemable preferred shares.

In 2019, ACEIC subscribed to 475.14 million redeemable preferred shares of the Company with a total par value of \$\mathbb{P}475.14\$ million.

On various dates in 2019, the Company redeemed and thereafter retired 1,814.34 million redeemable preferred shares at par value amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$1,814.34 million.

In 2019, the BOD approved the increase in authorized redeemable preferred shares of 15,030.28 million redeemable preferred shares with a total par value of ₱15,030.28 million. The increase in authorized redeemable preferred shares was approved by the SEC on January 14, 2020. Consequently, deposit for future stock subscription amounting to ₱15,030.28 million was applied to the subscribed redeemable preferred shares.

The Company incurred transaction costs related to the increase in authorized redeemable preferred shares amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$150.81 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$34.16 million, in December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. These were charged to additional paid-in capital and retained earnings.

Deposit for future stock subscription

In 2019, ACEIC subscribed a total of 15,030.28 million redeemable preferred shares of the Company amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$15,030.28, and is shown as deposit for future stock subscription (classified as equity) because as at December 31, 2019:

- a) The unissued authorized capital stock of the Company is insufficient to cover the amount of shares indicated in the contract;
- b) There is a Board of Directors' approval on the proposed increase in authorized capital stock, for which a deposit was received by the Company;
- c) There is a stockholders' approval of said proposed increase; and
- d) The application for the increase in capital stock has been filed with the SEC.

Upon approval of the increase in capital stock, the deposit for future stock subscription was applied to the subscribed redeemable preferred shares in 2020.

Dividend

On September 19, 2019, the BOD approved the declaration of dividends amounting \$\mathbb{P}70.00\$ million. The declaration date is the same as record date. The payment was made on September 20, 2019.

There were no dividends declared and paid in 2020.



Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments as may be necessary, in light of changes in the business and general economic conditions. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Company considers its total equity as capital.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

9. Income Tax

Provision for income tax consists of:

	2020	2019
Deferred	P4,302,903	(P 2,282,089)
Current	240	299,493
Final	4,045	48,534,549
	P 4,307,188	₽46,551,953

The reconciliation of statutory income tax to the effective income tax follows:

	2020	2019
Statutory income tax	(P6,549,004)	₽114,803,359
Tax effect of:		
Movement in unrecognized deferred tax assets	56,102,442	(1,621,792)
DST	(45,244,191)	_
Interest income subjected to final tax	(2,059)	(183,093)
Non-deductible loss on sale of investments	_	76,807,656
Nontaxable dividend income	_	(38,783,559)
Gain on sale subject to capital gains tax (net of		
capital gains tax)	_	(104,470,618)
	P4,307,188	₽46,551,953

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that taxable income will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be used. The Company will recognize a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

The Company has deductible temporary differences that are available for offset against future taxable income for which deferred tax assets have not been recognized as at December 31:

	2020	2019
Unrealized foreign exchange losses	₽-	£30,478,845
Net operating loss carry-over (NOLCO)	217,486,185	_

The Company has a future taxable income resulting from accrued interest income amounting to ₱22.90 million and ₱10.96 million, as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and unrealized gain on foreign exchange amounting to ₱2.40 million and nil, as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, for which deferred tax liability has been recognized.



On September 30, 2020, the BIR issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 implementing Section 4(bbbb) of "Bayanihan to Recover As One Act" which states that the NOLCO incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over and claimed as a deduction from gross income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

As at December 31, 2020, the Company has incurred NOLCO in taxable year 2020 which can be claimed as deduction from the regular taxable income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years pursuant to the Bayanihan to Recover As One Act, as follows:

			NOLCO			
			Applied		NOLCO	
Year	Availment		Previous	NOLCO	Applied	NOLCO
Incurred	Period	Amount	Year/s	Expired	Current Year	Unapplied
2020	2021-2025	₽217,486,185	₽-	₽-	₽-	P217,486,185

10. Related Party Transactions

Parties are related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions; and the parties are subject to common control or common significant influence.

In the normal course of business, the Company has the following transactions with related parties:

2020

	Elements of tra	nsactions				
	Outstanding Balance					
	Amount	Asset	Liability	Terms/Nature	Conditions	
Parent Company						
Due from related parties	₽-	₽-	₽-	Non-interest bearing	Due and demandable	
Due to a related party	9,463,992	_	(26,260)	Non-interest bearing	Due and demandable	
Management fees*	34,131,796	-	(11,459,451)	Expenses	-	
Entities under common control						
Due from related parties	(123,293,781)	96,717,765	_	Non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment	
Due to related parties	(49,049,313)	, ,	(49,049,313)	Non-interest bearing	Unsecured	
		P96,717,765	₽60,535,024			
Others						
Entities under common control						
				Interest-bearing at		
Loan receivable	_	148,545,684	-	8.00%	Payable in 4 years	
Interest receivable	11,943,805	23,704,415	-	Income	Payable in 4 years	
Other related party						
					Unsecured;	
Cash in bank (BPI)	77,538,949	99,471,494		Interest-bearing	no impairment	
Interest income *Management fees represent recoveries of	20,320	-	-	Income	_	



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	Elem	ents of transactions			
	Outstanding Balance				
	Amount	Asset	Liability	Terms/Nature	Conditions
Parent Company					
Due from related parties	(£33,881,549)	₽23,299,771	₽-	Non-interest bearing	Due and demandable
Due to a related party	(5,771,498)	_	_	Non-interest bearing	Due and demandable
Management fees*	28,681,874	_	_	Expenses	_
Dividend					
	70,000,000	_	_	Dividends	_
Subsidiary					
Retention payable	(8,257,426)	_	_	Non-interest bearing	Due and demandable
Entities under common control					
D 6 1.1 C	(202.000.225)	106 711 775		NY 1 A A 1	Unsecured;
Due from related parties	(382,008,225)	196,711,775		Non-interest bearing	no impairment
	_	₽220,011,546	₽-		
Others					
Subsidiaries					
Dividend Income	₽70,000,000	₽–	₽-	Income	_
Entities under common control					
	20.510.150	140 545 604		T	D 11 : 4
Loan receivable Interest receivable	28,518,150	148,545,684	_	Interest-bearing at 8.00%	Payable in 4 years
	10,960,427	11,760,610	_	Income	Payable in 4 years
Gain on sale of investments	420,908,008	_	_	Income	_
Loss on sale of investment (Note 6)	(256,025,520)	_	_	Expenses	=
Associates and Joint Venture					
Dividend income	236,270,030	_	_	Income	-
Other related party					
					Unsecured;
Cash in bank (BPI)	21,932,545	21,932,545		Interest-bearing	no impairment
Interest income	1.719.779	_	_	Income	_
*Management fees represent recoveries of A	, ,	anagement personnel to the	Company.		

Loans and interest receivable

The Company and Bayog Wind Power Corporation (BWPC) entered into a long-term loan agreement for a total of \$\mathbb{P}265.00\$ million with 8.00% interest per annum. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, total loan drawdown amounted to \$\mathbb{P}148.55\$ million. Interest, accrued daily and compounded annually, is payable together with the principal amount on repayment date on December 3, 2023.

Interest income amounted to ₱11.94 million in 2020 and ₱10.96 million in 2019. Outstanding interest receivable amounted to ₱23.70 million and ₱11.76 million as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates, and joint venture

In 2019, unpaid investment balance in HDP amounting to \$\mathbb{P}8.26\$ million was transferred upon the sale of the Company of its investment in HDP to ACE DevCo. This is a non-cash transaction in the statements of cash flow of the Company (see Note 12).

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured, interest-free and settlement occurs in cash, unless otherwise stated. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. The Company has not recognized any impairment losses on amounts due from related parties for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through a review of the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Key Management Compensation

The Company's accounting and administrative functions are handled by ACES. The compensation of its key management personnel is paid by ACEIC at no cost to the Company. Hence, the disclosure of compensation for key management personnel, as required by PAS 24, *Related Party Disclosures*, is included in the financial statements of ACEIC.



11. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Information

The table below presents the carrying amounts and fair values for the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities instruments as at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020		2019)
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	₽99,977,339	₽99,977,339	₽165,438,390	₽165,438,390
Due from related parties	96,717,765	96,717,765	220,011,546	220,011,546
Loan receivable	148,545,684	132,214,434	148,545,684	152,950,453
Interest receivable	23,704,415	23,992,657	11,760,610	12,109,343
Receivables	2,421,000	2,421,000	_	_
Equity instruments at FVOCI	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
	P371,368,703	P355,325,695	₽545,758,730	₽550,512,232
Financial liabilities	D50 450 0 C5	D50 450 075	D0 741 720	Do 541 500

Financial liabilities				
Accounts and other payables*	P59,478,067	₽ 59,478,067	₽9,741,739	₽9,741,739

^{*}Excluding withholding tax payable amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$139,686 and \$\mathbb{P}\$123,541 in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Cash and cash equivalent, due from related parties, receivables, accounts and other payables: Due to the short-term nature of the accounts, the fair value approximate the carrying amounts in the statements of financial position.

Loan and interest receivable: Estimated fair values are based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable rates for similar types of loans. Interest rates used in discounting cash flows ranged from 3.11% to 5.84% in 2020 and 2019. This is a Level 3 valuation technique.

Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income: Estimated fair value is based on the discounted value of future cash flows using the applicable discount rates relevant to the industry of investee companies. Interest rates used in discounting cash flows ranged from 10% to 12% in 2020 and 2019. This is a Level 3 valuation technique.

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main purpose of the Company's principal financial instruments is to fund its operations. The main risk arising from the use of the financial instruments are credit risk, and liquidity risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's holding of financial assets exposes the Company to credit risk of the counterparty. Credit risk management involves dealing only with institutions for which credit limits have been established.

The maximum exposure on the Company's financial assets is equivalent to their respective carrying amount.

The credit quality of the Company's financial assets is of high grade which pertains to financial assets with high credit-worthiness and the probability of default is minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial instruments.



The Company monitors its cash flow position and overall position in assessing its exposure to liquidity risk. The Company maintains a level of cash in bank deemed sufficient to finance operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows.

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company monitors its cash flow position, debt maturity profile and overall liquidity position in assessing its exposure to liquidity risk. The Company maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed sufficient to finance operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. Accordingly, its loan maturity profile is regularly reviewed to ensure availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities with financial institutions.

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	On	1 to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	1 to 5	
	demand	Months	months	months	years	Total
Financial assets						_
Cash and cash equivalent						
(Note 4)	₽99,977,339	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽99,977,339
Due from related parties	96,717,765	_	_	_	_	96,717,765
Receivables	2,421,000	_	_	_	_	2,421,000
Loan receivable (Note 10)	_	_	_	_	148,545,684	148,545,684
Interest receivable (Note 10)	_	_	_	_	23,704,415	23,704,415
Equity instruments at						
FVOCI (Note 5)	2,500	_				2,500
	P199,118,604	₽-	₽-	₽-	P172,250,099	P371,368,703
Financial liabilities						_
Accounts and other payables						
(Note 7)*	60,624,390	_	_	_	_	P60,624,390
	P138,494,14	₽-	₽-	₽-	P172,250,099	P310,744,313
*Excluding statutory payables amo	unting to ₽139,686					
December 31, 2019						
	On	1 to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	1 to 5	
	demand	Months	months	months	years	Total
Financial assets					•	
Cash and cash equivalent						
(Note 4)	₽22,438,390	₽143,000,000	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽165,438,390
Due from related parties	220,011,546	_	_	_	_	220,011,546
Loan receivable (Note 10)	_	_	_	_	152,950,453	152,950,453
Interest receivable (Note 10)	_	_	_	_	11,760,610	11,760,610
Equity Instruments at						
FVOCI (Note 5)	2,500	_	_	_	_	2,500
	P242,452,436	₽143,000,000	₽-	₽-	₽164,711,063	₽550,163,499
Financial liabilities	P242,452,436	₽143,000,000	₽-	₽-	₽164,711,063	P550,163,499
Financial liabilities Accounts and other payables	P242,452,436	P143,000,000	₽–	₽-	₽164,711,063	₽550,163,499
	P242,452,436 P9,741,739	₽143,000,000 ₽-	₽- ₽-	₽-	P164,711,063 P-	P550,163,499 P9,741,739

^{*}Excluding statutory payables amounting to £123,541

12. Notes to Statements of Cash Flows

In 2020, the Company has unrealized foreign exchange gain amounting to ₱2.41 million, which is divided into cash and cash equivalents and due from a related party with ₱0.02 million gain and ₱2.39 million gain, respectively.

In 2019, the Company has unrealized foreign exchange gain amounting to \$\mathbb{P}37.47\$ million, which is divided into cash and cash equivalents and due from a related party with \$\mathbb{P}67.95\$ million gain and \$\mathbb{P}30.48\$ million loss, respectively.



The tables below show the reconciliation of cash flows arising from acquisition and disposals of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures:

	2020	2019
Total acquisitions during the year	251,130,000	P15,656,603,930
Acquisition through conversion of advances	_	(563,220,000)
Cash outflows for acquisitions of investments	251,130,000	₽15,093,383,930
		2019
Total cost of disposals during the year		₽2,331,171,701
Gain on sale of investments during the year		420,908,008
Transfer of unpaid balance of sold investment to related party (non-cash)		(8,257,426)
Unpaid consideration on sale of investments (non-cash)		(195,000,000)
Loss on sale of investments during the year		(256,025,520)
Cash inflows from disposal of investments		₽2,292,796,763

13. Other Matters

In December 2019, an outbreak of the novel coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") occurred in China and spread to other countries, including the Philippines. COVID 19 is foreseen to have an adverse effect on economic activity in the Philippines and could materially and adversely affect the Parent Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

In a move to contain the spread of COVID-19, on March 13, 2020, the Office of the President of the Philippines issued a Memorandum directive to impose stringent social distancing measures in the National Capital Region effective March 15, 2020. On March 16, 2020, Presidential Proclamation No. 929 was issued, declaring a State of Calamity throughout the Philippines for a period of six months and imposing an enhanced community quarantine ("ECQ") throughout the island of Luzon until April 12, 2020, unless earlier lifted or extended. The ECQ was extended until May 15, 2020 and during this period, power demand fell by approximately 30%, reflecting the decline in power use by shuttered businesses. Since then, various community quarantine measures or modifications of the ECQ have been imposed throughout the country.

As part of its measures to address the impact of the pandemic, the Philippine Congress passed Republic Act No. 11469, the Bayanihan to Heal as One Act (the "Bayanihan Act") into law, which confers emergency powers on the President of the Philippines and subsequently, the Bayanihan to Recover as One Act (the "Bayanihan 2 Act"). The Bayanihan 2 Act seeks to provide a stimulus package to struggling sectors as part of the country's COVID-19 response and recovery plan, and to scrutinize the government's implementation of programs related to the pandemic. Similar to the Bayanihan Act, the Bayanihan 2 Act confers emergency powers to President Duterte which will be in effect until December 19, 2020. Such powers include the authority to adopt measures to "conserve and regulate the distribution and use of power, fuel, energy and water, and ensure adequate supply of the same." In addition, the Bayanihan 2 Act also imposes a minimum 30-day grace period for the payment of electricity and other utilities falling due within the period of community quarantine without penalty and further provides that such payments may be settled on a staggered basis in no fewer than three monthly installments.



Business Impact

COVID-19 and the various measures to contain it have caused disruptions to businesses and economic activities globally. The resulting drop in demand for electricity drove oil prices lower in the global upstream petroleum industry, adversely affected the businesses of oil players and service providers, and limited transport of goods and services and movement of personnel. The Company has no active service contract (SC) as at December 31, 2020, therefore, the Company was not significantly affected.

House of Representatives ratifies Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises ("CREATE") Act

President Rodrigo Duterte signed into law on March 26, 2021 the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act to attract more investments and maintain fiscal prudence and stability in the Philippines. Republic Act (RA) 11534 or the CREATE Act introduces reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems. It takes effect 15 days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation or April 11, 2021.

The following are the key changes to the Philippine tax law pursuant to the CREATE Act which have an impact on the Company

As at report date, the following are the key changes to the Philippine tax law pursuant to the CREATE Act which have an impact on the Company

- Effective July 1, 2020, regular corporate income tax (RCIT) rate is reduced from 30% to 25% for domestic and resident foreign corporations. For domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding Php5 million and with total assets not exceeding Php100 million (excluding land on which the business entity's office, plant and equipment are situated) during the taxable year, the RCIT rate is reduced to 20%.
- Minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.

As clarified by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council in its Philippine Interpretations Committee Q&A No. 2020-07, the CREATE Act was not considered substantively enacted as at December 31, 2020 even though some of the provisions have retroactive effect to July 1, 2020. The passage of the CREATE Act into law on March 26, 2021 is considered as a non-adjusting subsequent event. Accordingly, current and deferred taxes as at and for the year ended December 31, 2020 continued to be computed and measured using the applicable income tax rates as at December 31, 2020 (i.e., 30% RCIT / 2% MCIT) for financial reporting purposes.

Applying the provisions of the CREATE Act, the Company would have been subjected to lower regular corporate income tax rate of 25% effective July 1, 2020.

• Based on the provisions of Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 5-2021 dated April 8, 2021 issued by the BIR, the prorated MCIT rate of the Company for CY2020 is 1.5%. This will result in lower provision for current income tax for the year ended December 31, 2020 and lower income tax payable as at December 31, 2020, amounting to ₱180 and ₱180, respectively, or a reduction of ₱60. The reduced amounts will be reflected in the Company's 2020 annual income tax return. However, for financial reporting purposes, the changes will only be recognized in the 2021 financial statements.



• This will result in lower deferred tax assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2020 and provision for deferred tax for the year then ended by \$\mathbb{P}6,958,445\$ and \$\mathbb{P}358,575\$, respectively. These reductions will be recognized in the 2021 financial statements.

14. Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations 15-2010

In compliance with the requirements set forth by Revenue Regulations 15-2010, hereunder are the information on the taxes and license fees paid or accrued during the taxable year.

Output VAT

The Company is a VAT-registered company and has zero output VAT declaration for the year as it has no vatable revenue for the year 2020.

Input VAT

The amount of net input VAT claimed are broken down as follows:

Balance at January 1	₽4,478,563
Current year's domestic purchases/payments for services	4,127,593
Balance at December 31	₽8,606,156

Taxes and Licenses

The following are the taxes, licenses and permit fees:

	₽150,897,571
Others	36,260
Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) registration fee	500
Community tax certificate	10,500
Business permits	36,342
Lodged in statement of comprehensive income	
Documentary stamp tax (DST)	₽150,813,969
Lodged in equity	

Withholding Taxes

The Company's withholding taxes paid/accrued for the year consisted of:

Expanded withholding taxes

₽3,729,646

The outstanding withholding taxes payable amounted to \$\mathbb{P}139,685\$ as at December 31, 2020 and included in accounts and other payables.

Tax Assessments

The Company has no deficiency tax assessments, whether protested or not. The Company has not been involved in any tax cases under preliminary investigation, litigation and/or prosecution in courts or bodies outside the Bureau of Internal Revenue as at December 31, 2020.

